

Washington Flora Checklist

A checklist of the Vascular Plants of Washington State

Hosted by the University of Washington Herbarium

Family: Scrophulariaceae

8 terminal taxa (species, subspecies, and varieties).

The Washington Flora Checklist aims to be a complete list of the native and naturalized vascular plants of Washington State, with current classifications, nomenclature and synonymy.

Taxa included in the checklist:

- * Native taxa whether extant, extirpated, or extinct.
- * Exotic taxa that are naturalized, escaped from cultivation, or persisting wild.
- * Waifs (e.g., ballast plants, escaped crop plants) and other scarcely collected exotics.
- * Interspecific hybrids that are frequent or self-maintaining.
- * Some unnamed taxa in the process of being described.

Family classifications follow [APG IV](#) for angiosperms, PPG I (J. Syst. Evol. 54:563?603. 2016.) for pteridophytes, and Christenhusz et al. (Phytotaxa 19:55?70. 2011.) for gymnosperms, with a few exceptions. Nomenclature and synonymy at the rank of genus and below follows the [2nd Edition of the Flora of the Pacific Northwest](#) except where superceded by new information.

Accepted names are indicated with blue font; synonyms with black font.
Native species and infraspecies are marked with **boldface** font.

Please note: This is a working checklist, continuously updated. Use it at your discretion.

Created from the Washington Flora Checklist Database on April 20th, 2024 at 7:10am PST.
Available online at <https://burkeherbarium.org/waflora/>

Comments and questions should be addressed to the checklist administrators:
David Giblin (dgiblin@uw.edu)
Peter Zika (zikap941@gmail.com)

Suggested citation:

Weinmann, F., P.F. Zika, D.E. Giblin, B. Legler. 2002+. Checklist of the Vascular Plants of Washington State. University of Washington Herbarium. <https://burkeherbarium.org/waflora/>. Accessed 20 Apr 2024.

Dicots:

Buddlejaceae (see Scrophulariaceae)

Scrophulariaceae [HC, HC2] Figwort Family

Synonyms:

Buddlejaceae [HC] (Butterfly-Bush Family)

Treatment here of Scrophulariaceae follows Olmstead et al., (2001). Members of Scrophulariaceae s. l. have been placed into the families Linderniaceae, Mazaceae, Orobanchaceae, Paulowniaceae, Phrymaceae, and Plantaginaceae. Castilleja, Cordylanthus, Triphysaria, and Orthocarpus are listed under Orobanchaceae.

References: (none)

Buddleja [HC, HC2]

butterfly-bush

Buddleja davidii Franch. [HC, HC2, JPM]

Nouv. Arch. Mus. Hist. Nat., sér. 2, 10: 65.

orange-eye butterfly-bush

Limosella [HC, HC2]

mudwort

Limosella acaulis Sessé & Moc. [HC2]

Flora Mexicana. 143.

stemless mudwort

Limosella aquatica L. [HC, HC2]

Sp. Pl. 2: 631-632.

awl-leaf mudwort

Scrophularia [HC, HC2]

figwort

Scrophularia californica Cham. & Schltdl. [HC, HC2]

Linnaea 2: 585.

California figwort, Oregon figwort

Scrophularia californica Cham. & Schltdl. var. *oregana* (Pennell) B. Boivin [HC]

Scrophularia oregana Pennell

Scrophularia lanceolata Pursh [HC, HC2]

Fl. Amer. Sept. 2: 419 [1813]. 1814.

lance-leaf figwort

Scrophularia nodosa L. var. *occidentalis* Rydb.

Scrophularia pectinata Raf.

Verbascum [HC, HC2]

mullein

Verbascum blattaria L. [HC, HC2]

Sp. Pl. 1: 178.

moth mullein

Verbascum bombyciferum Boiss.

Verbascum thapsus L. [HC, HC2]

Sp. Pl. 1: 177.

flannel mullein, great mullein

ssp. thapsus

flannel mullein, great mullein